2005 marked a demanding, exciting, and rewarding year for Amazon Watch. Across the Amazon Basin, national governments—implementing prescriptions from Washington-based international financial institutions—handed over millions of acres of ancient rainforest to extractive industries for projects including logging, mining, road building and oil and gas drilling. Putting the short-term profits of extractive industries and external debt payments before human rights and the environment, governments often sold off ancestral territories of indigenous peoples in violation of international law.
Making matters worse, climate change brought a record year of droughts to the Amazon Basin in 2005, whereby dozens of tributaries choked up. More than 32,000 families were cut off from waterways, according to the Brazilian government. The Brazilian government also reported the second highest rate of deforestation in a decade—more than 10,000 square miles of forest were lost in 2005. Add in the forest areas lost in the rest of the Amazon countries, and the actual number of deforested square miles may be nearly 50 percent higher.

This global tragedy is not happening in a vacuum, as anyone living in the Southern U.S. when Hurricane Katrina hit will tell you. In the global North, we are increasingly aware of the interconnectedness between environmental destruction anywhere and human suffering everywhere.

The critical role of the Amazon in regulating global climate and rainfall is well documented. In fact, global deforestation accounts for some 25 percent of global warming gas emissions while nearly half the rain clouds generated in the Amazon shower farmlands from Iowa to Argentina.

Therefore, devastation of the Amazon rainforest and indigenous cultures by extractive industries is not a faraway problem, but one that touches each and every one of our lives through such effects as climate change and skyrocketing gas prices. The quest for oil is pushing the industry deeper into the Amazon’s most fragile and culturally sensitive areas, and discovering more fossil fuel reserves our planet cannot afford to burn.

Yet across the Amazon Basin, native peoples are engaging in David and Goliath struggles against their governments and transnational corporations to protect their lands and cultures. In doing so, these communities are providing a service for all humanity—defending forests, biodiversity and traditional indigenous knowledge acquired over millennia. As our world faces rapid climate chaos, indigenous peoples’ vision, values, and struggles to defend the sacred “heart of the world” become vital to safeguarding the earth’s ecological balance for future generations.

Empowering these communities, supporting them to make their voices heard and fighting for their rights is richly rewarding work. As the dominant forces of globalization advance a variety of mega “development” projects, Amazon Watch’s mission has never been more urgent.

As we look towards our tenth anniversary, we feel a renewed commitment to and passion for this work. The past nine years have shown that Amazon Watch serves an essential role in working directly with local forest peoples to protect their rainforest homelands from devastating industrial mega-projects. We thank our generous supporters—foundations, individual donors, volunteers, and our partners on the ground—for allowing us to carry out our mission. With your help, we look forward to continuing to defend the cultural and biological diversity of the Amazon.

For the Amazon and future generations,

Atossa Soltani,
Executive Director
Amazon Watch works with indigenous and environmental partner organizations in the Amazon Basin to defend the environment and advance indigenous peoples' rights in the face of large-scale industrial development projects such as oil and gas pipelines, power lines, roads, and other mega-projects. We work closely with indigenous Amazonians to protect their territories and amplify their voices in the global North.
Support rainforest peoples

Above all, we believe that indigenous Amazonians have the right to decide whether and how development takes place on their lands. We train local communities in media outreach, political and legal strategies, and we provide equipment such as digital cameras and laptop computers to empower them to defend their collective and territorial rights and represent themselves in the crucial battle for public opinion. We also bring Amazonian community leaders to meet with national and international decision-makers, thus giving them an all-too-rare opportunity to speak for themselves at transnational corporations’ shareholder meetings, development bank consultations and directly with U.S. media outlets.

Monitor projects

Amazon Watch closely monitors a range of mega-industrial projects (so-called “development” projects) in the Amazon Basin, holding corporations and the international financial institutions that fund them accountable for the environmental and social impacts of their policies. In remote frontier regions, where the rule of law is limited to non-existent, indigenous peoples find themselves engaged in a massively unfair battle with the forces of globalization. All too frequently, the lack of meaningful safeguards signifies that local communities are devastated by the destruction of the forests and rivers that results from these projects. At Amazon Watch, we investigate and publicize these transgressions and propose solutions acceptable to the local communities.

Influence policy

Amazon Watch seeks to influence the policies of transnational corporations, international financial institutions and national governments. We encourage them to fully respect human rights, adopt stronger environmental and social safeguards and to enforce existing standards. We also publicly advocate for a more democratic and sustainable developmental model—a model which recognizes and respects human rights for indigenous and all people, and which takes into account the full economic, scientific, ecological, cultural and intrinsic value of the Amazon Basin’s forests and biodiversity.
During 2005, Amazon Watch made major strides towards achieving justice for the thousands of Ecuadorians whose lives and lands have been ruined by Texaco’s (now Chevron’s) dumping of 18 billion gallons of toxic waste in the remote Oriente region—dumping that has resulted in 30 times more oil spilled than Exxon Valdez.

To complement and defend the landmark class-action lawsuit against Chevron, Amazon Watch carried out a broad range of media, political and grassroots campaigning in the United States and Ecuador, receiving
coverage from a wide spectrum of media including the New York Times. With childhood leukemia skyrocketing in this part of Ecuador and 30,000 rainforest residents drinking contaminated water, Amnesty International joined the campaign to hold Chevron accountable.

The Ecuadorian court is expected to reach a judgment in 2007 in what is arguably the most important environmental trial currently taking place anywhere in the world. Hopefully, the judges will order Chevron to meet the plaintiffs’ demands for a multi-billion dollar clean-up, thus establishing a global precedent of environmental accountability for transnational corporations operating in developing nations.

2005 PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

**March**

Amazon Watch coordinates a shareholder delegation comprised of financial advisors and shareholders of both Chevron and Burlington Resources (see below) to the Ecuadorian Amazon. Delegates visit the contaminated areas left by Chevron and meet representatives from affected communities. The delegation allows key representatives from major institutional investors to gain a first hand understanding of the contamination’s impacts on local people and the environment.

**April**

Amazon Watch launches the web site www.chevrontoxico.com, featuring up-to-date information about the historic trial in Ecuador and the international campaign to hold Chevron accountable for its toxic contamination of the Ecuadorian Amazon.

Sponsored by Amazon Watch, the *Crude Reflections* photo exhibit—documenting the distressing human toll of this environmental tragedy—debuts in San Ramon, California, Chevron’s hometown. The exhibit forms a focal point of Amazon Watch’s outreach efforts to the community in which many Chevron employees, including the corporation’s CEO, reside.

We organize a delegation from the Ecuadorian rainforest to Chevron’s Annual General Meeting, accompanied by Amazon Watch staff. The delegation spotlights the corporation’s devastation of the region and the liability it now faces.

Meanwhile, galvanized by Amazon Watch, the three largest public pension funds in the U.S. present a reso-
solution publicly calling on Chevron to live up to its touted rhetoric of corporate responsibility by addressing the social and environmental impact of its deliberate toxic dumping in Ecuador.

**November**

Amazon Watch helps publicize human rights abuses and threats made against the plaintiffs’ leaders and legal team in an effort to help protect them. Amazon Watch and our partners at the Amazon Defense Coalition successfully petition the Inter-American Commission on Human Rights, of the Organization of American States, to request protection following a pattern of intimidation including a death threat, attempted kidnapping, surveillance and the theft of legal files.

Also this month, Amazon Watch publicly spotlights Chevron’s lobbying efforts in the U.S. Congress to improperly condition trade talks with Ecuador on the dismissal of the lawsuit—a clear attempt by Chevron to interfere with due process and the rule of law in Ecuador.

Meanwhile, the *Crude Reflections* photo exhibit goes on display at San Francisco City Hall for six weeks, gaining prominent coverage in the *San Francisco Chronicle*. Amazon Watch brings Humberto Piaguaje, a leader of the Secoya nation who has been personally affected by Chevron’s dumping disaster, to address nearly 200 people on the exhibit’s opening night.

**December**

Mobilized by Amazon Watch’s campaign, shareholders representing more than one billion dollars in investments file two separate resolutions ahead of Chevron’s 2006 annual general meeting. One resolution calls on Chevron to adopt meaningful environmental standards for all its global operations while another demands an itemized account of Chevron’s spending on lawyers, lobbyists and public relations on its legal battle in Ecuador.
During 2005, Amazon Watch achieved major advances in our campaign to support the Shuar, Achuar, and Kichwa peoples in their battle to prevent Houston-based Burlington Resources from exploiting two hydrocarbon concessions carved out of untouched rainforest in southern Ecuador against the clearly-expressed wishes of the local communities. For the eighth year in a row, these communities and Amazon Watch prevented Burlington Resources from entering their territory—an important victory!

A significant development was the announcement by ConocoPhillips of its intention to buy Burlington. Having withdrawn from Huaorani territory in Ecuador in the early 1990s, ConocoPhillips' record provides some room for optimism. Amazon Watch hopes ConocoPhillips will follow its own precedent and respect the wishes of local communities by pulling out of all operations in the Amazon. This opportunity is one that Amazon Watch plans to make the most of during 2006.
2005 PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS

March
The joint delegation of Chevron and Burlington shareholders and financial advisors to the pristine forests of southern Ecuador provides a strategic opportunity to expose the oil industry’s divisive community relations strategies to decision makers and connect them directly to affected local communities. Amazon Watch also organizes meetings for the delegation with the Ecuadorian Attorney General, members of Congress, and the Anti-Corruption Committee.

April
At Burlington Resources’ annual shareholder meeting in Houston, Amazon Watch continues raising the issue of the oil concessions on Shuar, Achuar and Kichwa land. Burlington Resources’ tactics of co-opting a few members of the communities and thus strategically dividing the Shuar, Achuar and Kichwa comes under scrutiny.

June
Amazon Watch works with radio technician John Parnell to design and implement a communication system and training program for the Kichwa community of Sarayaku. During a month-long stay with the community, Mr. Parnell rebuilds and expands Sarayaku’s communication infrastructure. The installed equipment includes long range HF and short range VHF radios and solar operated antennas and scanners—which enables communication within their extensive territory, as well as to the nearest town of Puyo some 100 miles away. The system allows the community to monitor movements of oil companies and the military and to organize responses in the event of emergencies.

September
Amazon Watch helps organize a two-day strategy meeting in Quito attended by Shuar, Achuar and Kichwa leaders and their allies to decide how to move forward with the fight to protect their territories. Amazon Watch distributes a Spanish-language copy of the groundbreaking report Drilling into Debt by Oil Change International.

Meanwhile, back in the U.S., the additional information provided by Amazon Watch to large institutional shareholders inspires the filing of two resolutions for Burlington Resources’ 2006 annual general meeting.

December
As ConocoPhillips announces plans to acquire Burlington Resources, including concessions in the Ecuadorian and Peruvian Amazon, Amazon Watch sends the Houston-based oil giant a letter and dossier detailing why ConocoPhillips should forgo hydrocarbon deposits below the Shuar, Achuar, and Kichwa lands. Amazon Watch refocuses the campaign on ConocoPhillips and begins preparations for an indigenous delegation to speak at the company’s 2006 shareholder meeting.
The year 2005 represented a turbulent time in the Lower Urubamba region, but was not without its triumphs. In the Lower Urubamba basin in Southern Peru—one of the most remote, biodiverse and pristine areas anywhere in the Amazon—highly vulnerable indigenous communities continued to suffer devastation from repeated ruptures in the Camisea pipeline. Meanwhile, the transnational consortia behind the Camisea Gas Project expanded their operations into several new concessions neighboring the original tract of rainforest in which they had begun drilling in 2004.

Three of the project’s four drilling wells are located inside the Nahua-Kugapakori State Reserve for indigenous peoples living in voluntary isolation—some of the last such peoples anywhere in the Amazon. Continued pressure by Amazon Watch and partner groups has sustained a temporary moratorium on further intrusion into the Reserve, as operations in two of these platforms have been paralyzed.
January

Amazon Watch commissions a technical analysis of the 12-volume Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) for Camisea’s massive second phase. This analysis is shared with Machiguenga communities in the Lower Urubamba by an Amazon Watch-supported technical delegation, which includes an anthropologist and legal experts. In turn, the information and training provided to the Machiguenga helps galvanize them to stage a spirited protest and present the Peruvian government with a series of demands, resulting in an important four-month delay of the second phase of the Camisea project.

August

During a meeting with Amazon Watch, then Inter-American Development Bank (IDB) Vice-President, Dennis Flannery, commits the IDB—a major financier of the Camisea project—to a serious examination of Extended Reach Drilling (ERD). Amazon Watch has been lobbying project companies and the IDB for the use of ERD in the Camisea project, a technique that can significantly reduce the footprint of the project by eliminating the need for additional roads and pipelines in future phases of the Camisea project. ERD would set a significant precedent for the future of hydrocarbon activities in the Amazon.

October

Supported with strategic input and funding by Amazon Watch, a year-long legal training program is adopted by the Machiguenga organization COMARU, to allow community leaders to respond to the avalanche of gas project impact studies, contracts and other documents that the consortia bombard them with in an apparent attempt to confuse, demoralize and divide them. The program will be run by Lima-based Racimos de Ungurahui, a non-profit law partnership that works closely with Amazon Watch.

At the same time, Amazon Watch criticizes outgoing IDB President Enrique Iglesias in the press for his shameful Camisea legacy and the grave human rights and environmental impacts surrounding the project. Amazon Watch also sends a strong message to incoming President Luis Alberto Moreno and executives about the need for the IDB to address Camisea’s continued failures.

November

Incensed by an appalling four spills in less than 15 months of Camisea pipeline operations, Machiguenga communities stage a 10-day river blockade that forces government and company officials to comply with a series of community demands and establish regular mechanisms of accountability. Amazon Watch works with the Machiguengas to disseminate their demands and ensure strategic media coverage.
During 2005, Amazon Watch also carried out a number of activities that laid the foundations for important advances in the months and years to come. Responding to the ever-evolving needs of our partners on the ground, we began expanding our reach in three specific areas in late 2005. We believe these emerging programs will prove critical in advancing indigenous peoples rights globally and in protecting the integrity of the continent’s tropical forests.
The U’wa Defense Project

In 2005, discussions about the future of this high-profile program led to the decision to incorporate the U’wa Defense Project (UDP) into Amazon Watch, a move that culminates in early 2006. This decision helps UDP and Amazon Watch join forces and pool resources on a number of fronts. While Amazon Watch’s work with the U’wa people of the northeastern Colombian cloud forest dates back to 1997, incorporating with the UDP increases our joint capacity and effectiveness to support the U’wa in resisting oil exploration and militarization on their lands through reactivating the international campaign, as well as advancing international legal strategies and leadership capacity. The U’wa forced Occidental Petroleum out of their territory in 2002. This tribe of 5,000 is again fighting to defend their life, land and cultural autonomy from encroaching oil exploration on their sacred lands, currently at the hands of the Colombian government-owned oil company, Ecopetrol. With the UDP as part of Amazon Watch, our work with the U’wa people will grow stronger in 2006 to protect their ancestral land and irreplaceable culture.

IIRSA

Amazon Watch began closely monitoring the initiative for Integration of Regional Infrastructure in South America (known commonly as IIRSA, its Spanish and Portuguese acronym). Backed by the Inter-American Development Bank, the Andean Development Corporation and national governments, IIRSA is a massive plan to facilitate the region’s largest infrastructure projects across national borders through the heart of the Amazon basin, whereby transnational corporations will benefit from costly state-funded projects such as better roads, ports and airports to serve extractive industries at the expense of local people, the environment, and increasing national debt. IIRSA projects will also include pipelines, dams, the upstream and downstream components of major hydrocarbon operations, and power plants. These projects will have major social, economic and environmental repercussions. The international battle to ensure that IIRSA does not move forward is only just beginning.

Northern Peru

After many years of working with the Achuar people in Ecuador, in 2005, Amazon Watch begins to step up its institutional commitment to the Achuar people of Northern Peru. We organize a delegation of two Peruvian Achuar leaders to San Francisco, Washington D.C., Los Angeles and New York. In part of their territory, the Achuar have been demanding a cleanup of toxic contamination left behind after more than 30 years of drilling by Occidental Petroleum. In an adjacent pristine area of their vast territory which encompasses more than 9 million acres, the Achuar are actively resisting attempts by Occidental Petroleum and ConocoPhillips to start drilling inside three new oil concessions. Traveling on foot, by canoe, bus and plane for nearly a week to arrive in the U.S., the two leaders seize the opportunity to outreach to the U.S. public, the media and concerned shareholders, and to meet with Occidental officials over the fate of their ancestral homelands. The tour marks the beginning of a productive collaboration between the Achuar and Amazon Watch for years to come.
### Statement of Financial Activity

**January 1 to December 31 2004 2005**

**INCOME**
- Foundation Grants 363,943 319,875
- Funds for Amazonian Groups 67,657 20,154
- Individual Donors 56,326 60,389
- Organizations & Businesses 33,659 24,930
- Miscellaneous Income 2,008

**TOTAL INCOME** $523,592 $425,348

**EXPENSES**
- Program Services 266,007 319,654
- Funds to Amazonian Groups 41,138 69,234
- Total Program Services 307,145 388,888
- Management 48,501 54,273
- Fund Development 36,006 70,214

**TOTAL EXPENSES** $391,652 $513,376

**Net Income** $131,940 $(88,027)

**Net Assets on January 1** $101,532 $233,472

**Net Assets on December 31** $233,472 $145,445

**Net Assets Include:**
- Cash Assets 128,284 43,964
- Grants Receivable 103,333 100,000
- Net Equipment Assets 1,855 1,481

$233,472 $145,445

*Note: 2004 report is based on the audited financial statement*
AMAZON WATCH STAFF

Atossa Soltani
Executive Director

Shannon Wright
Associate Director

Jennifer DeLury Ciplet
Associate Director

Sarah Aird
Policy and Legal Director

Thomas Cavanagh
Operations Manager

Leila Salazar Lopez
Clean Up Ecuador Campaign Organizer

Kevin Koenig
Northern Amazon Program Coordinator

Maria Lya Ramos
Southern Amazon Program Coordinator

Paul Hobi
Development Associate

HONORARY DIRECTORS

Cary Elwes
Bianca Jagger

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Andrew Beath (Treasurer)
Dee Dominguez
Jonathan Frieman
Daniela Meltzer
Jeff Mendelsohn
Jonas Minton
Heather Rosmarin (Secretary)
Atossa Soltani (President)
Jeanne Trombly

COLLABORATORS, CONTRACT STAFF AND VOLUNTEERS:

Celia Alario
Stephanie Alston
Michelle Baker
Greg Bernstein
Antoine Bonsorte
Lucy Braham
Andrea Castelli
Jeff Conant
Tony Cruz
Corrine Levy Friedman
Pastor Margareta Dahlin-Johansson
Stefan Disko
Larry Fugazi
Laura Garzon
Sue Goranson, CPA
Jill Gorski
Somer Huntley
Zach Hurwitz
Gabriella Jaramillo
Donald and Max Kagan
Laurie Kaufman
Steven Kretzmann, Oil Change
International
Ariel Lopez
Sharon Lungo
Yael Martinez
Timo and Ashby Marshall
David Matchett
Ana Maria Murillo
Dang Ngo
John Parnell, Wavebridge
Communications
Jeremy Pastor
Radical Designs
Patrick Reinsborough
Marcela Reyes
Miguel Robles
Sureya and Jheeran Sayadi
Ashley Schaeffer
Faera Siegel
Kirsten Sims
Dave Solnit
Ashkan Soltani
Roxana Soltani
Simeon Tegel
Natalie van Zelm
Aileen Warda
Zachariah Weinstein
Stephanie Wohl

SPECIAL THANKS TO:

The Amazon Alliance
Rebecca Adamson
Mark Brown
California High School—San Ramon
Jayni Chase
Creative Artist Agency
John Dalrymple
Lou Dematteis
Design Action
Steven Donziger
E-tech International
Forest Ethics
Rabbi Dan Goldblatt
Jason Gurwitz
Reverend Steve Harms
Joan Kruckewitt
InkWorks Press
Bianca Jagger
Jack Johnson
Ann Maest
Marianne Manilov
Mudd’s Restaurant
Pete’s Coffee—San Ramon
Bill Powers
Project Bandaloop
Bonnie Raitt
Kayana Scymczak
John Seed
Bill & Lynn Twist
AMAZON WATCH SUPPORTERS IN 2005

Jaguar
$100,000 and Up
Charles Stewart Mott Foundation

Harpy Eagle
$50,000 to $99,999
Faro Foundation
Wallace Global Fund

Anaconda
$25,000 to $49,000
The Kohn Foundation
The Moriah Fund
The Overbrook Foundation

Pink River Dolphin
$10,000 to $24,999
Anonymous
The Bay and Paul Foundation
Kowitz Family Foundation

Spider Monkey
$5,000 to $9,999
Anonymous
Mailman Family Foundation
Mental Insight Foundation
Russell and Megan Wiese

Kapok Tree
$1,000 to $4,999
ARRIBA Marketing
Andrew Beath
John Dabrowski
The Leonardo Dicaprio Charitable Foundation
Dolphin Foundation
Earthrights International
EarthWays Foundation / John Seed
Environmental Defense
Ramin, Marjan and Parvin Faramarzi

Tree Frog
$500 to $999
Bubble Toes Productions / Jack Johnson
Valerie Dillman
Kenneth Greenstein
Terry and Carolyn Koenig
Soo Jung Koo
Mark Rabine
Heather Rosmarin
Diane Savage
The Pachamama Alliance
The Susan Sarandon Charitable Trust
The Tides Center
Jeanne Trombly

In-Kind Donors
Acme Scenery
Amazon Herb Company
Andrew Beath
Diana Bohn Ceramics
Natasha Boissier
Antoine Bonsorte
Booneville Brewing Company
Cable Car Charters
Casa Barranca Wine
Cochinilla Ink Studio / Katia Fuentes & Jonah Roll
Cowgirl Creamery
Delfin
Fleurt
Robin Freeman
Funky Door Yoga
Greens Restaurant
Grey Goose Vodka
Jess Imports
Joe Kane
Ariana Katovich
Rafael Leni and Raster Printers
LowePro
Jeff Mendelsohn
Mission Cliffs
Mixcoat
New Leaf Paper
Organic Bouquet
One Taste
Rainbow Grocery
Real Goods
San Francisco Magazine
Thanksgiving Coffee
Trader Joe’s
WineStyles
Zara Zimbardo
The Scarlet Sage Herb Company

AMAZON WATCH SUPPORTERS IN 2005

Jaguar
$100,000 and Up
Charles Stewart Mott Foundation

Harpy Eagle
$50,000 to $99,999
Faro Foundation
Wallace Global Fund

Anaconda
$25,000 to $49,000
The Kohn Foundation
The Moriah Fund
The Overbrook Foundation

Pink River Dolphin
$10,000 to $24,999
Anonymous
The Bay and Paul Foundation
Kowitz Family Foundation

Spider Monkey
$5,000 to $9,999
Anonymous
Mailman Family Foundation
Mental Insight Foundation
Russell and Megan Wiese

Kapok Tree
$1,000 to $4,999
ARRIBA Marketing
Andrew Beath
John Dabrowski
The Leonardo Dicaprio Charitable Foundation
Dolphin Foundation
Earthrights International
EarthWays Foundation / John Seed
Environmental Defense
Ramin, Marjan and Parvin Faramarzi

Tree Frog
$500 to $999
Bubble Toes Productions / Jack Johnson
Valerie Dillman
Kenneth Greenstein
Terry and Carolyn Koenig
Soo Jung Koo
Mark Rabine
Heather Rosmarin
Diane Savage
The Pachamama Alliance
The Susan Sarandon Charitable Trust
The Tides Center
Jeanne Trombly

Tree Frog
$500 to $999
Bubble Toes Productions / Jack Johnson
Valerie Dillman
Kenneth Greenstein
Terry and Carolyn Koenig
Soo Jung Koo
Mark Rabine
Heather Rosmarin
Diane Savage
The Pachamama Alliance
The Susan Sarandon Charitable Trust
The Tides Center
Jeanne Trombly

In-Kind Donors
Acme Scenery
Amazon Herb Company
Andrew Beath
Diana Bohn Ceramics
Natasha Boissier
Antoine Bonsorte
Booneville Brewing Company
Cable Car Charters
Casa Barranca Wine
Cochinilla Ink Studio / Katia Fuentes & Jonah Roll
Cowgirl Creamery
Delfin
Fleurt
Robin Freeman
Funky Door Yoga
Greens Restaurant
Grey Goose Vodka
Jess Imports
Joe Kane
Ariana Katovich
Rafael Leni and Raster Printers
LowePro
Jeff Mendelsohn
Mission Cliffs
Mixcoat
New Leaf Paper
Organic Bouquet
One Taste
Rainbow Grocery
Real Goods
San Francisco Magazine
Thanksgiving Coffee
Trader Joe’s
WineStyles
Zara Zimbardo
The Scarlet Sage Herb Company

Printed on 100% Post-Consumer Recycled Paper, Process Chlorine Free.
AMAZON WATCH
SUPPORTING INDIGENOUS PEOPLES
PROTECTING THE AMAZON RAINFOREST

www.amazonwatch.org